CHAPTER 21: ONCOLOGY

A. Term to Definition

1. only the breast is removed
2. the breast is removed, along with the lymph nodes in the axilla (armpit)
3. the breast, chest muscles on the affected side, and lymph nodes in the axilla are removed
4. used to detect early changes in the cervical tissue that may indicate cervical cancer. The Pap test consists of obtaining scrapings from the cervix and examining them under a microscope to detect any abnormalities in cervical tissue
5. malignant tumor of the inner lining of the uterus; also known as adenocarcinoma
6. rare malignant lesions that begin as soft purple-brown nodules or plaques on the feet and gradually spread throughout the skin. This is a systemic disease also involving the GI tract and lungs.
7. surgery to remove the prostate tissue that is pressing against the upper part of the urethra causing urinary obstruction
8. occur in any structural region of the brain and they may be malignant or benign, classified as primary or secondary, and are named according to the tissue from which they originate
9. a malignant tumor of the kidney occurring predominantly during childhood
10. a precancerous lesion occurring anywhere in the mouth

B. Matching

1. g
2. d
3. f
4. e
5. h
6. i
7. j
8. a
9. b
10. c

I. Multiple Choice

1. a
2. c
3. a
4. d
5. a
6. b
7. d
8. a
9. c
10. a

J. Completion

1. ionizing
2. oncogene
3. relapse
4. remission
5. lifetime
6. relative
7. basal cell
8. uterine
9. melanoma
10. leukoplakia

K. Medical Scenario

1. a
2. c
3. c
4. a
5. d